

## A.D. 1858, 1st SEPTEMBER. Nº 1985.

Indelibly Crossing or Marking Bankers' Cheques, &c.

LETTERS PATENT to Joseph Sloper, of No. 215, Oxford Street, in the County of Middlesex, Builder and Decorator, for the Invention of "Improved Means of and Apparatus for Indelibly Crossing of Marking Bankers' Cheques, Drafts, Documents, or other Things, with a View of Preventing Erasures or Fraudulent Deadings therewith."

Sealed the 23rd November 1858, and dated the 1st reptember 1858.

PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION left by the said Joseph Sloper at the Office of the Commissioners of Patents, with his Petition, on the 1st September 1858.

I, Joseph Sloper, of 215, Oxford Street, in the County of Middlesex, 5 Builder and Decorator, do hereby declare the nature of the said Invention for "Improved Means of and Apparatus for Indelibit Crossing or Marking Bankers' Checques, Drafts, Documents, or other Things, with a View of Preventing Erasures or Fraudulent Dealings therewith," to be as ollows.—

My invention of improved means of and apparatus for crossing marking bankers' checques, drafts, documents, or other things with a view of preventing erasures and fraudulent dealings therewith, relates to a novel modernossing or marking bankers' checques, drafts, or other things by means of a machine which forms the words (and Co.) or other word or ords, mark, or device, on a y checque, draft, or other thing required to be marked by perforations.

My apparatus or machine consists chiefly of a surface made of any suitable

Sloper's Improved Apparatus for Indelibly Crossing Bankers' Cheques, &c.

material studded with small points or punches, tubular or not, of any suitable material, so set as to perforate any words, mark, or device, on any checque or thing required to be stamped. I propose to use the outer surface of a wheel, which, being attached to a handle or some other contrivance, with a slight pressure of the hand the wheel rotates and perforates the required pattern, 5 word, or words; or I propose to use a flat or any other surface, studded as before described, of any required pattern or word, and the perforations made by compression or some other suitable means.

I also propose to use ink, or stain if necessary, as may be most desirable; in that case I so arrange the construction of the points or punches as to 10 carry the stain to the edges of the perforations, thereby making the mark more conspicuous and impossible of erasure.

specification in pursuance of the conditions of the Letters Patent, filed by the said Joseph Sloper in the Great Seal Patent Office on the 28th February 1859.

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, I, JOSEPH SLOPER, of No. 215, Oxford Street, in the County of Middlesex, Builder and Decorator, send greeting.

WHEREAS Her most Excellent Majesty Queen Victoria, by Her Letters Patent, bearing date the First day of September, in the year of our Lord 20 One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, in the twenty-second year of Her reign, did, for Herself, Her heirs and successors, give and grant unto me, the said Joseph Sloper, Her special licence that I, the said Joseph Sloper, my executors, administrators, and assigns, or such others as I, the said Joseph Sloper, my executors, administrators, and assigns, should at any time 25 agree with, and no others, from time to time and at all times thereafter during the term therein expressed, should and lawfully might make, use, exercise, and vend, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Channel Islands, and Isle of Man, an Invention for "Improved Means of and Apparatus for Indelibly Crossing or Marking Bankers' Cheques, 30 DRAFTS, DOCUMENTS, OR OTHER THINGS WITH A VIEW OF PREVENTING ERASURES OR Fraudulent Dealings therewith," upon the condition (amongst others) that I, the said Joseph Sloper, my executors or administrators, by an instrument in writing under my, or their, or one of their hands and seals, should particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the said Invention, and in what 35 manner the same was to be performed, and cause the same to be filed in the

Sloper's Improved Apparatus for Indelibly Crossing Bankers' Cheques, &c.

Great Seal Patent Office within six calendar months next and immediately after the date of the said Letters Patent.

NOW KNOW YE, that I, the said Joseph Sloper, do hereby declare the nature of the said Invention, and in what manner the same is to be per5 formed, to be particularly described and ascertained in and by the following statement thereof:—

My Invention consists in forming or producing any required crossing, word or words, letters, marks, or devices, by means of a series or number of perforations, openings, holes punched or pierced in and through the cheques,.

10 drafts, documents, or other things to be dealt with and so grouped or disposed as to represent the required crossing, word or words, letters, marks, or devices, with a view of preventing erasures or fraudulent dealings therewith, inasmuch as the mark or device so formed or produced cannot be so readily tampered with as marks or devices formed or produced with ink or coloring matter.

And further, my Invention consists of apparatus for the above purpose, and constructed, when necessary, so as to permit or allow a ready combination in the production of one or more of the words, letters, marks, or devices, and variety in the combination, as may be required, by disposing or arranging in a separate frame or carriage the number of punches (and other parts in connection therewith) requisite to form each group or member of the intended combination.

The manner of performing my Invention is explained by the following description and the accompanying illustrative Drawings, the first portions of which are devoted to the exemplification of a few of the more prominent 25 among the multitude of applications of which the Invention is susceptible. It may be used for crossing or marking bankers' cheques and drafts with (as for example) the words "Smith & Co.," see Figure 1, or other words or devices for marking bank notes with their value instead of or in addition to a paper water mark (see Figure 2), such value being represented either in figures as 30 shewn, or otherwise in words or marks, as may be preferred; for marking cheques, as under, particular amounts or values (see Figure 3); for marking the value, date, or number, or a symbol, upon exchequer bills, dock warrants, and documents of a like nature, for numbering, dating, or marking, railway tickets (see Figure 4); for numbering or marking the value upon scrip, or 35 certificates, or shares, for producing, or in substitution of, the present embossed stamp, or for cancelling signatures upon cheques and other documents, and at the same time marking the date &c. of cancelling (see Figure 5); for marking the number or date upon turnpike tickets, and the value upon pawnbrokers' tickets, and for marking personal and household linen. But it is to be

Sloper's Improved Apparatus for Indelibly Crossing Bankers' Chaques, &c.

distinctly understood that the Drawing and the above list of applications are simply illustrative, and that the Invention may also be applied to other uses, so long as its special nature of marking with perforations grouped or disposed as set forth (for preventing erasures or fraudulent dealings) be retained; it being also further understood that the letters, &c., required to be formed are 5 not cut out of the paper or substance to be dealt with, but are formed by a series or grouping of perforations &c., disposed in the shape of the letters required, thereby but very slightly reducing the strength of the paper or substance, or interfering with the printing or writing thereupon.

Having now illustrated the applications of my Invention, it remains to 10

explain that the required perforations, &c, may be made by means of a wheel

or roller having the exterior edge or surface studded over with points or punches grouped or disposed so as that when the wheel is pressed and rolled by hand or otherwise upon the cheque or document to be marked, they shall perforate it and produce the required mark or device. Or instead of mounting 15 the punches upon a wheel or roller, they may be studded, grouped, or placed in the required form upon and fixed to a flat plate or surface, and fitted up with or used with a matrix and a separating plate in the manner represented in the Figures 6, 6a, 6b, and 6c; Figure 6 being a plain view of the apparatus complete; Figure 6ª a similar view with the plate or surface and the punches 20 removed; Figure 6<sup>b</sup> an inverted plan view of the plate or surface and the punches; and Figure 6° a transverse section. a is the plate or surface; b the group of punches fixed thereto, passing freely through corresponding holes in the separating plate c, and situate over or exactly opposite to corresponding holes in the matrix d, and into which they enter when pressed down or employed, 25 the cheque or document or thing required to be marked being placed between the separating plate c and the matrix d. The object of the separating plate

is to permit the ready withdrawal of the punches from and out of the perforations formed in the cheque or document without tearing or injuring it. The punches thus mounted and fitted with a separating plate and matrix may 30 conveniently be used in an ordinary hand lever or screw press, having a seating prepared to receive them, and may readily be removed therefrom, and other groups similarly mounted and fitted may be substituted in the same manner as a variety of common dies are used in one and the same press for

Figure are simply for fitting up the group of punches into a press, and may be varied at pleasure. And I would here remark that the plate or surface to and upon which the punches are fixed need not necessarily be flat as above described, but may be curved or stepped if it should be so preferred, the pro-

The remainder of the parts represented in the 35

embossing and other purposes.

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Sloper's Improved Apparatus for Indelibly Crossing Bankers' Cheques, &c.

jection of the punches above such surface being uniform or otherwise as preferred. And it should be noted that the punches when mounted in the manner lastly above described with reference to Figures 6, 6<sup>a</sup>, 6<sup>b</sup>, and 6<sup>c</sup>, are intended to be formed with true and flat ends and with sharp edges, 5 and to fit accurately into the holes in the matrix, so as to cleanly cut and produce the perforations, whereas when mounted in the manner firstly above described, and when no matrix is employed, the punches are intended to be pointed more or less sharply as may be desired, and in that case the cheque or document should be placed upon a surface of wood, cork, or other suitable material.

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The remaining Figures of the Drawing illustrate the apparatus for effecting a ready combination in the production of groups of perforations for the purpose of the Invention, and allowing a variety in such combination. Figure 7 is a front view of a holder z, carrying a combination of three groups of punches, each group being mounted on a separate frame carriage, plate, or surface a as before described; and Figure 7<sup>a</sup> is a transverse section of the holder z, and a side elevation of one of the frames or carriages a. Figures 7<sup>b</sup> and 7<sup>c</sup> are transverse sections of the parts separately, and Figure 7<sup>d</sup> a front view of the holder z separately. y is a screw for fixing the parts together, which is readily removeable, so that any or all of the members of the combination may be changed at pleasure.

Finally, I would remark that the punches to be employed for the purposes of my Invention may be made of steel wire, and fixed to a surface as before described, or may be made of other suitable metal or material, or be otherwise 25 conveniently produced or formed upon the surface, and that the sectional form of the punches to be employed may be either circular or square, or of any other approved form, or they may be tubular, and the punches may or may not be charged with ink or stain for dyeing the edges of the perforations and rendering them more conspicuous; the charging of the punches being 30 effected by dipping into the ink or stain, or by pressing upon the cloth saturated therewith, or any other convenient manner.

In witness whereof, I, the said Joseph Sloper, have hereunto set my hand and seal, this Twenty-eighth day of February, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

JOSEPH SLOPER. (L.S.)

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